DISCIPLINE DESCRIPTION

1. Program data

1.1 Higher education institution	UNIVERSITY OF ORADEA
1.2 Faculty	Environment protection
1.3 Department	Animal science and Agroturism
1.4 Field of study	Animal Science
1.5 Study cycle	BACHELOR
1.6 Study Program / Qualification	Animal science/ engineer

2. Discipline data

2.1 Name of the discipline			Tec	Technology for the production of compound feeds				
2.2 Course holder			Prof. dr. Mierlita Daniel					
2.3 Seminar / laboratory / project owner			Pro	f. dr.	Mierlita Daniel			
2.4 Year of study	III	2.5 Semeste	er	VI	2.6 Type of evaluation	Е	2.7 The discipline regime	Ι

3. Estimated total time (hours per semester of didactic activities)

3.1 Number of hours per week	4	of which: 3.2	2	3.3	2
		course		seminar/laboratory/project	
3.4 Total hours of the curriculum	56	of which: 3.5	28	3.6 seminar / laboratory /	28
		course		project	
Distribution of Time Fund					ore
Study after manual, course support, bibl	iograj	ohy and notes			18
Additional documentation in the library, on the specialized electronic platforms and on the field					10
Training seminars / laboratories, themes, papers, portfolios and essays					
Tutorial					
Examinations					4
Other activities					
3.7 Total hours of individual study	56				
3.9 Total hours per semester	112				

4. Preconditions (where applicable)

3.10 Number of credits

4.1 curriculum	
4.2 skills	

3

5. Conditions (where applicable)

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5.1. of course	The lecture room with laptop and videoprojector.
5.2. seminar / laboratory /	Laboratory room equipped with the equipment necessary to determine the
project	nutrient content and appreciation of the feed quality; computers, Internet
	connection, specialized software.

6. Specific skills accumulated

Professional skills	 C2: Elaboration of technical projects for the establishment / modernization of livestock breeding, fish farming and aquaculture and for accessing financial resources. C3: Selection, amelioration, production and exploitation of biological reproductive material. C5: Implementation of Community Agricultural Policy at national level in the field of animal production. C6: Provide consultancy and extension services in the field of animal husbandry.
Transversal skills	CT3 Objective self-evaluation of the need for continuous professional training in order to adapt and respond to the economic requirements; the use of information and communication techniques and at least one international language.

7. Objectives of the discipline

7. Objectives of the discipline				
7.1 The general objective of the	- To communicate to students the concepts, concepts and			
discipline	experimental data on the raw and auxiliary materials used in the			
	nanufacturing process, their receipt and storage under appropriate			
	conditions,			
	- Knowing the stages of the technological flow of the			
	production of mixed fodder,			
	- Knowing the methods used in the quality control of raw			
	materials and finished products.			
7.2 Specific objectives	□ Elaboration of recipes for the production of compound			
	feed for all farm animal species			
	□ Optimization of the technological flow specific to the			
	combined feed factories;			
	□ Coordination of laboratory activities specific to the control			
	of mixed fodder quality.			

8.Ccontents *

8.1 Cours	teaching methods	Nr. Hours / Observations
Need to use combined fodder and their economic efficiency. Classification of combined fodder.	Lecture, explanation, conversation and dialogue with students heuristics	2
Raw and auxiliary materials used in the combined feed industry. - Energy resources. - Protein raw materials. - Synthetic amino acids. - Mineral Nutrition - Vitamins. - Feed additives	Lecture, explanation, conversation and dialogue with students heuristics	6
Receipt of raw materials and technical appreciation of their quality.	Lecture, explanation, conversation and	2

	dialogue with students heuristics	
Handling and storage of raw materials.	Lecture, explanation, conversation and dialogue with students heuristics	2
Conditioning and processing of raw materials for incorporation in the compound feed structure.	Lecture, explanation, conversation and dialogue with students heuristics	2
Elaboration of the recipes for the production of mixed fodder. Use of information systems in developing		2
manufacturing prescriptions. Biological testing of prescriptions and their approval.	Lecture, explanation, conversation and dialogue with students heuristics	
The technology of manufacturing complete fodder. Grinding. Dosage. Homogenization. Integration of liquids in compound feed. Granulation. The technology of manufacturing milk constituents.	Lecture, explanation, conversation and dialogue with students heuristics	6
Fechnology for the production of compound feed.P.V.M. (Protein, vitamins and minerals).Vitamin-mineral premixes.Premixes for intervention.	Lecture, explanation, conversation and dialogue with students heuristics	2
Feed quality control. General feed quality control methodology. The technique of analyzing samples. Organoleptic, physical and botanical control of	Lecture, explanation, conversation and dialogue with students heuristics	
fodder. Chemical control of feed quality. Determination of content in substances other than those specified in the Wendee scheme. Controlling Freshness of Fodder. Control of the presence of toxic substances in fodder or inhibitors. Controlling the homogeneity of combined feeds. Mycological and mycotoxicological control of fodder. Bacteriological control of fodder.		3
Packaging, storage and dispatching of compound feed.	Lecture, explanation, conversation and dialogue with students heuristics	1

HALGA P. și col. (2002) – Alimentație animală. Ed. Pim, IAȘI.

MIERLITA D. (2008) – Nutritia si alimentatia animalelor-Curs universitar. Ed. Universitatii din Oradea.

POP I.M. (2002) - Aditivi furajeri. Ed. Pim, IAŞI.

	 POND W. G.; D.C. CHURCH; K. R. POND (1995) - Edition – Wiley; New York. SĂLĂJAN GH. (1984) – Prepararea nutreţurilor şi co STOICA I. (2001) – Nutriţia şi alimentaţia animalelor ŞARA A.; D. MIERLIŢĂ (2003) – Nutriţia AcademicPres, Cluj-Napoca. ŞTEF LAVINIA (2008) – Nutreturile combinate in al Timisoara. 	ntrolul calității lor. Ed. Cer c. Ed. Coral Sanivet, Bucure și alimentația animalelor	es, București. ești. de fermă. Ed.
Stages of the technological stream of manufacturing of compound feed. lecture, explanation, dialogue with students, individual and team activities. 2 Machinery, plant and equipment used in the combined fodder industry. lecture, explanation, dialogue with students, individual and team activities. 2 Optimizing recipes for the manufacture of compound feed for: pigs, poultry, cattle, sheep, rabbits and fish. lecture, explanation, dialogue with students, individual and team activities. 4 Production of complete and complementary fodder. lecture, explanation, dialogue with students, individual and team activities. 4 Preparation of unique feed mixtures. lecture, explanation, dialogue with students, individual and team activities. 2 Prepare complete compound feed directly into the animal farm. 2 2 Preparation of mixtures for ruminants based on PVM concentrates with non-protein nitrogen added. 2 Feed quality control. General feed quality control methodology. The technique of analyzing samples. Organoleptic, physical and botanical control of fodder. 10 Controlling the homogeneity of combined feeds. Chemical control of feed quality. Determination of content in substances other than those specified in the Wendee scheme. Controlling Freshness of Fodder. 10 Moder or inhibitors. Mycological and mycotoxicological control of fodder. 10	8.2 Seminar	teaching methods	Nr. Hours / Observations
combined fodder industry.dialogue with students, individual and team activities.2Optimizing recipes for the manufacture of compound feed for: pigs, poultry, cattle, sheep, rabbits and fish.lecture, explanation, dialogue with students, individual and team activities.4Production of complete and complementary fodder.lecture, explanation, dialogue with students, individual and team activities.4Preparation of unique feed mixtures.lecture, explanation, dialogue with students, individual and team activities.2Prepare complete compound feed directly into the animal farm.lecture, explanation, dialogue with students, individual and team activities.2Prepare complete compound feed directly into the animal farm.22Preparation of mixtures for ruminants based on PVM concentrates with non-protein nitrogen added.22Feed quality control. General feed quality control methodology. The technique of analyzing samples. Organoleptic, physical and botanical control of fodder.1010Controlling the homogeneity of combined feeds. Chemical control of feed quality. Determination of content in substances other than those specified in the Wendee scheme. Controlling Freshness of Fodder.1010Mycological and mycotoxicological control of fodder.1010	Stages of the technological stream of manufacturing	dialogue with students, individual and team	2
compound feed for: pigs, poultry, cattle, sheep, rabbits and fish.dialogue with students, individual and team activities.4Production of complete and complementary fodder.lecture, explanation, 		dialogue with students, individual and team	2
Image: A structure of the structure of th	compound feed for: pigs, poultry, cattle, sheep,	dialogue with students, individual and team	4
Image: Control ling the homogeneity of combined feeds. Control ling the homogeneity of combined feeds. Control of the presence of toxic substances in fodder.Image: Control ling the homogeneity of toxic substances in fodder.10Control of the presence of toxic substances in fodder.10	Production of complete and complementary fodder.	dialogue with students, individual and team	4
Prepare complete compound feed directly into the animal farm.2Preparation of mixtures for ruminants based on PVM concentrates with non-protein nitrogen added.2Feed quality control. General feed quality control methodology. 	Preparation of unique feed mixtures.	dialogue with students, individual and team	2
PVM concentrates with non-protein nitrogen added.2Feed quality control. General feed quality control methodology. The technique of analyzing samples. Organoleptic, physical and botanical control of 			2
General feed quality control methodology. The technique of analyzing samples. Organoleptic, physical and botanical control of fodder. Controlling the homogeneity of combined feeds. Chemical control of feed quality. Determination of content in substances other than those specified in the Wendee scheme. Controlling Freshness of Fodder. Control of the presence of toxic substances in fodder or inhibitors. Mycological and mycotoxicological control of fodder.	Preparation of mixtures for ruminants based on PVM concentrates with non-protein nitrogen added.		2
8.4 Project	General feed quality control methodology. The technique of analyzing samples. Organoleptic, physical and botanical control of fodder. Controlling the homogeneity of combined feeds. Chemical control of feed quality. Determination of content in substances other than those specified in the Wendee scheme. Controlling Freshness of Fodder. Control of the presence of toxic substances in fodder or inhibitors. Mycological and mycotoxicological control of fodder. Bacteriological control of fodder.		10

References:	

HALGA P. și col. (2002) – Alimentație animală. Ed. Pim, IAȘI.
MIERLITA D. (2008) – Nutritia si alimentatia animalelor-Curs universitar. Ed. Universitatii din Oradea.
POPA O.; GH. SĂLĂJAN; A. ȘARA (1991) – Nutrețurile și nutriția rațională a animalelor de fermă. Ed. Ceres, București.
SĂLĂJAN GH. (1984) – Prepararea nutrețurilor și controlul calității lor. Ed. Ceres, București.
ŞARA A.; D. MIERLIȚĂ (2003) – Nutriția și alimentația animalelor de fermă. Ed. AcademicPres, Cluj-Napoca.
ŞTEF LAVINIA (2008) – Nutreturile combinate in alimentatia suinelor si a pasarilor. Ed. Mirton, Timisoara.

9. Corroborating the contents of the discipline with the expectations of epistemic community representatives, professional associations and representative employers in the field of the program

The thematic content of the subject matter of Combined Fodder Technology is in line with that of other university centers in the country and abroad. It is developed in collaboration with the representative employers in the field of animal husbandry (zootechnical farms, combined feed factories), where the students practice, thus facilitating the graduation of the students.

10. evaluation

Tip activitate	10.1 Evaluation criterias	10.2 Metode de evaluare	10.3 Weight of the final grade				
10.4 Cours	correctness and completeness of knowledge; - logical coherence; - degree of assimilation of specialized terms - interest in individual study.	continuous evaluation (student's free exposure, oral conversation and questioning, active student participation in courses) summative assessment (final written assessment during the exam session)	20% 40%				
10.5 Seminar							
10.6 Laboratory	 the ability to work with assimilated knowledge; the capacity to operate with the data and the results obtained in the laboratory; interest in individual study. 	continuous assessment (current written papers, individual papers, active participation of the student in laboratory activities) Summative assessment (final written assessment during the exam session).	25%				
10.7 Project							
	ance standard: Very good kno						
the periodical checks during the semester should be at least 5; marking "very good" at least ½ of the papers (homeworks) handed over during the year; attending at least 80% of the teaching activities.							

Date of completion

Signature of course holder

01. 10. 2022

Prof. dr. ing. Mierlita D. (dadi.mierlita@yahoo.com)

Signature of holder seminar/laboratory/project Prof. dr. ing. Mierlita D.

Date of approval in the department

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Signature of Department Director Lecturer dr. ing. Monica Dodu

Sign Decan Conf. Dr. Ing. Cristina Maerescu